

Before Starting

Always start here to understand:

Common pre-requisites

Basic Install Toolkit operation

Requirements when an existing cluster exists, both with or without an ESS

1 How does the Install Toolkit work?

IBM Spectrum Scale Install Toolkit operation can be summarized by 4 phases:

- 1) User input via 'spectrumscale' commands
- 2) A 'spectrumscale install' phase
- 3) A 'spectrumscale deploy' phase
- 4) A 'spectrumscale upgrade' phase

Each phase can be run again at later points in time to introduce new nodes, protocols, NSDs, file systems, or updates.

All user input via 'spectrumscale' commands is recorded into a cluster definition file in `/usr/pp/mmls/5.1.1.x/ansible-toolkit/ansible/ibm-spectrum-scale-install-infra/vars`

Each phase will act upon all nodes inputted into the cluster definition file. For example, if you only want to deploy protocols in a cluster containing a mix of unsupported and supported OSs, input only the supported protocol nodes and leave all other nodes out of the cluster definition.

2 Hardware / Performance Sizing

Please work with your IBM account team or Business Partner for suggestions on the best configuration possible to fit your environment. In addition, make sure to review the [protocol sizing guide](#).

3 OS levels and CPU architecture

The Install Toolkit supports the following OSs:

```
x86: RHEL7.x / 8.x, SLES15, Ubuntu20
ppc64 LE: RHEL7.x / 8.x
s390x: RHEL7.x / 8.x, SLES15, Ubuntu 20
```

All cluster nodes the Install Toolkit acts upon must be of the same CPU architecture and endianness.

All protocol nodes must be of the same OS, architecture, and endianness.

4 Repositories

A base repository must be setup on every node. For RHEL8, also setup the AppStream repo. RHEL check: `yum repolist, dnf repolist` SLES check: `zypper repos` Ubuntu check: `apt edit-sources`

5 Firewall & Networking & SSH

All nodes must be networked together and ping-able via IP, FQDN, and hostname

Reverse DNS lookup must be in place

If `/etc/hosts` is used for name resolution, ordering within must be: IP FQDN hostname

Promptless ssh must be setup between all nodes and themselves using IP, FQDN, and hostname

Firewalls should be turned off on all nodes else specific ports must be opened both internally for GPFS and the installer and externally for the protocols. See [IBM Documentation](#) for more details before proceeding.

6 Time sync among nodes is required

A consistent time must be established on all nodes of the cluster.

7 Cleanup prior SMB, NFS, Object

Prior implementations of SMB, NFS, and Object must be completely removed before proceeding with a new protocol deployment. Refer to the cleanup guidance in [IBM Documentation](#).

8 If a GPFS cluster pre-exists

Proceed to the Protocol Deployment section as long as you have:

- a) file system(s) created and mounted ahead of time & nfs4 ACLs in place
- b) ssh promptless access among all nodes
- c) firewall ports open
- d) CCR enabled
- e) set `mmchconf release=LATEST`
- f) installed GPFS rpms should match the exact build dates of those included within the protocols package

9 If an ESS is part of the cluster

Proceed to the Cluster Installation section to use the Install Toolkit to install GPFS and add new nodes to the existing ESS cluster. Proceed to the Protocol Deployment section to deploy protocols.

- a) CCR must be enabled
- b) EMS node(s) must be in the `ems nodeclass`. IO nodes must be in their own `nodeclass`: `gss` or `gss_ppc64`.
- c) GPFS on the ESS nodes must be at minimum 5.0.5.x
- d) All Quorum and Quorum-Manager nodes are recommended to be at the latest levels possible
- e) A CES shared root file system has been created and mounted on the EMS.

10 Protocols in a stretch cluster

Refer to the [stretch cluster use case](#) within the [IBM Documentation](#).

11 Extract Spectrum Scale package

With 5.1.0.0, there is no longer a protocols specific package. Any standard, advanced, or data management package is now sufficient for protocol deployment. Extracting the package will present a license agreement.

```
./Spectrum_Scale_Data_Management-5.1.1.x-arch<--Linux-install
```

12 Explore the spectrumscale help

From location `/usr/pp/mmls/5.1.1.x/ansible-toolkit`

```
Use the -h flag.
./spectrumscale -h
./spectrumscale setup -h
./spectrumscale node add -h
./spectrumscale config -h
./spectrumscale config protocols -h
```

13 FAQ and Quick Reference

Refer to the [Spectrum Scale Quick Reference](#)
Refer to the [Spectrum Scale FAQ](#)

Cluster Installation

Start here if you would like to:

Create a new cluster from scratch

Add and install new GPFS nodes to an existing cluster (client, NSD, GUI)

Create new NSDs on an existing cluster

1 Setup the node that will start the installation

Pick an IP existing on this node which is accessible to/from all nodes via promptless ssh:

```
./spectrumscale setup -s IP
```

ESS: If the `spectrumscale` command is being run on a node(s) in a cluster with an ESS, make sure to switch to ESS mode (see page 2 for ESS examples):
`./spectrumscale setup -s IP -st ess`

ECE: If the `spectrumscale` command is being run on an Erasure Code Edition cluster, make sure to switch to ECE mode:
`./spectrumscale setup -s IP -st ece`

Ansible is a prerequisite for using the spectrumscale command.

2 Populate the cluster

If a cluster pre-exists, the Install Toolkit can automatically traverse the existing cluster and populate its cluster definition file with current cluster configuration details. Point it at a node within the cluster with promptless ssh access to all other cluster nodes:

```
./spectrumscale config populate -N hostname
```

If in ESS mode, point config populate to the EMS:

```
./spectrumscale config populate -N ems1
```

** Note the limitations of the config populate command*

3 Add NSD server nodes (non-ESS nodes)

Adding NSD nodes is necessary if you would like the install toolkit to configure new NSDs and file systems.

```
./spectrumscale node add hostname -n
```

```
./spectrumscale node add hostname -n
```

4 Add NSDs (non-ESS devices)

NSDs can be added as non-shared disks seen by a primary NSD server. NSDs can also be added as shared disks seen by a primary and multiple secondary NSD servers.

In this example we add 4 `/dev/dm` disks seen by both primary and secondary NSD servers:

```
./spectrumscale nsd add -p primary_nsdnode_hostname -s secondary_nsdnode_hostname /dev/dm-1 /dev/dm-2 /dev/dm-3 /dev/dm-4
```

5 Define file systems (non-ESS FSs)

File systems are defined by assigning a file system name to one or more NSDs. Filesystems will be defined but not created until this install is followed by a deploy.

In this example we assign all 4 NSDs to the `fs1` file system:

```
./spectrumscale nsd list
./spectrumscale filesystem list
./spectrumscale nsd modify nsd1 -fs fs1
./spectrumscale nsd modify nsd2 -fs fs1
./spectrumscale nsd modify nsd3 -fs fs1
./spectrumscale nsd modify nsd4 -fs fs1
```

If desired, multiple file systems can be assigned at this point. See [IBM Documentation](#) for details on "spectrumscale nsd modify". We recommend a separate file system for shared root to be used with protocols.

6 Add GPFS client nodes

```
./spectrumscale node add hostname
```

The installer will assign quorum and manager nodes by default. Refer to [IBM Documentation](#) if a specific configuration is desired.

7 Add Spectrum Scale GUI nodes

```
./spectrumscale node add hostname -g -a
```

The management GUI will automatically start after installation and allow for further cluster configuration and monitoring.

8 Configure performance monitoring

Configure performance monitoring consistently across nodes.

```
./spectrumscale config perfmon -r on
```

9 Configure Callhome

Starting with 5.0.0.0, callhome is enabled by default within the Install Toolkit. Refer to the callhome settings and configure mandatory options for callhome:

```
./spectrumscale callhome config -h
```

Alternatively, disable callhome:

```
./spectrumscale callhome disable
```

10 Name your cluster

```
./spectrumscale config gpfs -c my_cluster_name
```

11 Review your config

```
./spectrumscale node list
./spectrumscale nsd list
./spectrumscale filesystem list
./spectrumscale config gpfs --list
./spectrumscale install --precheck
```

12 Start the installation

```
./spectrumscale install
```

Upon completion you will have an active GPFS cluster with available NSDs, performance monitoring, time sync, callhome, and a GUI. File systems will be fully created and protocols installed in the next stage deployment.

Install can be re-run in the future to:

- add GUI nodes
- add NSD server nodes
- add GPFS client node
- add NSDs
- add file systems
- enable and configure or update callhome settings

Protocol & File System Deployment

Start here if you already have a cluster and would like to:

Add/Enable protocols on existing cluster nodes

Create a file system on existing NSDs

1 Setup the node that will start the installation

Setup is necessary unless `spectrumscale` setup had previously been run on this node for a past GPFS installation or protocol deployment. Pick an IP existing on this node which is accessible to/from all nodes via promptless ssh:

```
./spectrumscale setup -s IP
```

ESS: If the `spectrumscale` command is being run on a node(s) in a cluster with an ESS, make sure to switch to ESS mode (see page 2 for ESS examples):
`./spectrumscale setup -s IP -st ess`

ECE: If the `spectrumscale` command is being run on an Erasure Code Edition cluster, make sure to switch to ECE mode:
`./spectrumscale setup -s IP -st ece`

Ansible is a prerequisite for using the spectrumscale command.

2 Populate the cluster

Optionally, the Install Toolkit can automatically traverse the existing cluster and populate its clusterdefinition.txt file with current cluster details. Point it at a node within the cluster with promptless ssh access to all other cluster nodes:

```
./spectrumscale config populate -N hostname
```

If in ESS mode, point config populate to the EMS:

```
./spectrumscale config populate -N ems1
```

**Note the limitations of the config populate command*

3 Add protocol nodes

```
./spectrumscale node add hostname -p
```

```
./spectrumscale node add hostname -p
```

4 Assign protocol IPs (CES-IPs)

Add a comma separated list of IPs to be used specifically for cluster export services such as NFS, SMB, Object. Reverse DNS lookup must be in place for all IPs. CES-IPs must be unique and different than cluster node IPs.

```
./spectrumscale config protocols -e EXPORT_IP_POOL
```

**All protocol nodes must see the same CES-IP network(s). If CES-Groups are to be used, apply them after the deployment is successful.*

5 Verify file system mount points are as expected

```
./spectrumscale filesystem list
```

**Skip this step if you setup file systems / NSDs manually and not through the install toolkit.*

6 Configure protocols to point to a shared root file system location

A `ces` directory will be automatically created at root of the specified file system mount point. This is used for protocol admin/config and needs >=4GB free. Upon completion of protocol deployment, GPFS configuration will point to this as `cesSharedRoot`. It is recommended that `cesSharedRoot` be a separate file system.

```
./spectrumscale config protocols -f fs1 -m /ibm/fs1
```

**If you setup file systems / NSDs manually, perform a manual check of `<mmnsd>` and `<mmfs>` all `-L>` to make sure all NSDs and file systems required by the deploy are active and mounted before continuing.*

7 Enable the desired file protocols

```
./spectrumscale enable nfs
```

```
./spectrumscale enable smb
```

8 Enable the Object protocol if desired

```
./spectrumscale enable object
```

Configure an admin user, password, and database password to be used for Object operations:

```
./spectrumscale config object -au admin -ap -dp
```

Configure the Object endpoint using a single hostname with a round robin DNS entry mapping to all CES IPs:

```
./spectrumscale config object -e hostname
```

Specify a file system and filesset name where your Object data will go:

```
./spectrumscale config object -f fs1 -m /ibm/fs1
```

```
./spectrumscale config object -o Object_Fileset
```

**The Object filesset must not pre-exist. If an existing filesset is detected at the same location, deployment will fail so that existing data is preserved.*

9 Configure Callhome

Starting with 5.0.0.0, callhome is enabled by default within the Install Toolkit. Refer to the callhome settings and configure mandatory options for callhome:

```
./spectrumscale callhome config -h
```

Alternatively, disable callhome:

```
./spectrumscale callhome disable
```

10 Review your config

```
./spectrumscale node list
./spectrumscale deploy --precheck
```

11 Start the deployment

```
./spectrumscale deploy
```

Upon completion you will have protocol nodes with active cluster export services and IPs. Performance Monitoring tools will also be usable at this time.

Deploy can be re-run in the future to:

- enable additional protocols
- add additional protocol nodes (run install first to add more nodes)
- enable and configure or update callhome settings

Configuration

Start here if you already have a cluster with protocols enabled and would like to:

Check cluster state and health, basic logging/debugging

Configure a basic SMB or NFS export or Object

Configure and Enable File Audit Logging / Watch Folders

Path to binaries:

Add the following PATH variable to your shell profile to allow convenient access of `gpfs` 'mm' commands:

```
export PATH=$PATH:/usr/pp/mmls/bin
```

Basic GPFS Health

```
mmgetstate -aL
```

```
mmlscluster
```

```
mmlscluster --ces
```

```
mmnetverify
```

CES service and IP check

```
mmces address list
```

```
mmces service list -a
```

```
mmhealth cluster show
```

```
mmhealth node show -N all -v
```

```
mmhealth node show <component> -v
```

```
mmces events list -a
```

Authentication

```
mmuserauth service list
```

```
mmuserauth service check
```

Callhome

```
mmcallhome info list
```

```
mmcallhome group list
```

```
mmcallhome status list
```

File protocols (NFS & SMB)

Verify all file systems to be used with protocols have `nfs4` ACLs and locking in effect. Protocols will not work correctly without this setting in place.

Check with: `mmlsfs all -D -k`

Example NFS export creation:

```
mkdir /ibm/fs1/nfs_export1
```

```
mmnfs export add /ibm/fs1/nfs_export1 -c
```

```
""(Access_Type=RW,Squash=no_root_squash,SecType=sys,Protocols=3:4)"
```

```
mmnfs export list
```

Example SMB export creation:

```
mkdir /ibm/fs1/smb_export1
```

```
chown "DOMAINUSER" /ibm/fs1/smb_export1
```

```
mmnfs export add smb_export1 /ibm/fs1/smb_export1 --option "browseable=yes"
```

```
mmnfs export list
```

Object protocol

Verify the Object protocol by listing users and uploading an object to a container:

```
source $HOME/openrc
openstack user list
openstack project list
swift stat
date > test_object1.txt
swift upload test_container test_object1.txt
swift list test_container
```

Performance Monitoring

```
systemctl status pmsensors
```

```
systemctl status pmcollector
```

```
mmperfmon config show
```

```
mmperfmon query -h
```

File Audit Logging

File audit logging (FAL) is available only with Data Management and Advanced editions of Spectrum Scale.

a) Enable and configure using the Install Toolkit as follows:

```
./spectrumscale fileauditlogging enable
./spectrumscale filesystem modify --fileauditloggingenable gpfs1
./spectrumscale fileauditlogging list
./spectrumscale filesystem modify --logfileset <LOGFILESET> retention <days> gpfs1
```

b) Install the File Audit Logging rpms on all nodes

```
./spectrumscale install --precheck
```

```
./spectrumscale install
```

c) Deploy the File Audit Logging configuration

```
"gpfs.adv." or gpfs.dm." rpms must be installed on all nodes
```

```
./spectrumscale deploy --precheck
```

```
./spectrumscale deploy
```

d) Check the status

```
mmhealth node show FILEAUDITLOG -v
```

```
mmhealth node show MSGQUEUE -v
```

```
mmaudit all list
```

```
mmaudit all consumeStatus -N <node list>
```

```
mmaudit all list
```

Logging & Debugging

Installation / deployment:

```
./usr/pp/mmls/5.1.1.x/ansible-toolkit/logs
```

Verbose logging for all spectrumscale commands by adding a '-v' immediately after. `./spectrumscale`

Examples

Example of reading Red Hat Linux nodes for Spectrum Scale installation and deployment of protocols

```
Configure promptless SSH (promptless ssh is required)
# ssh-keygen (if using RHEL 8.x, make sure to run ssh-keygen -m PEM or else the install toolkit will have issues with node logins)
# ssh-copy-id <FQDN of node>
# ssh-copy-id <IP of node>
# ssh-copy-id <non-FQDN hostname of node>
repeat on all nodes to all nodes, including current node

Turn off firewalls (alternative is to open ports specific to each Spectrum Scale functionality)
# systemctl stop firewalld
# systemctl disable firewalld
repeat on all nodes

How to check if a yum repository is configured correctly
# yum repolist -> should return no errors. It must also show an RHEL7.x base repository. Other repository possibilities include a satellite site, a custom yum repository, an RHELx.x DVD iso, an RHELx.x physical DVD.

Use the included local-repo tool to spin up a repository for a base OS DVD (this tool works on RHEL, Ubuntu, SLES)
# cd /usr/lpp/mmfs/5.1.1.x/tools/repo
# cat readme_local-repo | more
# ./local-repo --mount default --iso /root/RHEL7.9.iso

What if I don't want to use the Install Toolkit - how do I get a repository for all the Spectrum Scale rpms?
# cd /usr/lpp/mmfs/5.1.1.x/tools/repo
# ./local-repo --repo
# yum repolist

Pre-install pre-req rpms to make installation and deployment easier
# yum install kernel-devel gcc gcc-c++ glibc sssd ybind openldap-clients krb5-workstation

Turn off selinux (or set to permissive mode)
# sestatus
# vi /etc/selinux/config
change SELINUX=xxxxxx to SELINUX=disabled
save and reboot
repeat on all nodes

Setup a default path to Spectrum Scale commands (not required)
# vi /root/.bash_profile
-- add this line --
export PATH=$PATH:/usr/lpp/mmfs/bin
-- save/exit --
logout and back in for changes to take effect
```

Example of adding protocol nodes to an ESS

Starting point

If you have a 5148-22L protocol node, stop following these directions: *please refer to the ESS 5.3.7 (or higher) Quick Deployment Guide*

The cluster containing ESS is active and online

RHEL7.x/8.x, SLES15, or Ubuntu20.04 is installed on all nodes that are going to serve as protocol nodes

RHEL7.x/8.x, SLES15, or Ubuntu 20.04 base repository is set up on nodes that are going to serve as protocol nodes

The nodes that will serve as protocol nodes have connectivity to the GPFS cluster network

Create a cesSharedRoot from the EMS: *gssgenvdisks --create-vdisk --create-nsds --create-filesystem --contact-node gssio1-hs --crcefs*

Mount the CES shared root file system on the EMS node and set it to automount. When done with this full procedure, make sure the protocol nodes are set to automount the CES shared root file system as well.

Use the ESS GUI or CLI to create additional file systems for protocols if desired. Configure each file system for nfsv4 ACLs

Pick a protocol node to run the Install Toolkit from.

The Install Toolkit is contained within these packages: Spectrum Scale Standard or Data Access or Advanced or Data Management Edition

Download and extract one of the Spectrum Scale packages to the protocol node that will run the Install Toolkit

Once extracted, the Install Toolkit is located in the */usr/lpp/mmfs/5.1.1.x/ansible-toolkit* directory.

Inputting the configuration into the Install Toolkit with the commands detailed below, involves pointing the Install Toolkit to the EMS node, telling the Install Toolkit about the mount points and paths to the CES shared root and optionally, the Object file systems, and designating the protocol nodes and protocol config to be installed/deployed.

Install Toolkit commands:

```
./spectrumscale setup -s 10.11.10.11 -st ess <- internal GPFS network IP on the current Installer node that can see all protocol nodes
./spectrumscale config populate -N ems-node <- OPTIONAL. Have the Install Toolkit traverse the existing cluster and auto-populate its config.
./spectrumscale node list <- OPTIONAL. Check the node configuration discovered by config populate.
./spectrumscale node add ems-node -a -e <- designate the EMS node for the Install Toolkit to use for coordination of the install/deploy
./spectrumscale node add cluster-node1 -p
./spectrumscale node add cluster-node2 -p
./spectrumscale node add cluster-node3 -p
./spectrumscale node add cluster-node4 -p
./spectrumscale config protocols -e 172.31.1.10,172.31.1.11,172.31.1.12,172.31.1.13,172.31.1.14
./spectrumscale config protocols -f cesSharedRoot -m /ibm/cesSharedRoot
./spectrumscale enable nfs
./spectrumscale enable smb
./spectrumscale enable object
./spectrumscale config object -e mycluster-ces
./spectrumscale config object -o Object_Fileset
./spectrumscale config object -f ObjectFS -m /ibm/ObjectFS
./spectrumscale config object -au admin -ap -dp
./spectrumscale node list <- It is normal for ESS IO nodes to not be listed in the Install Toolkit. Do not add them.

./spectrumscale install --precheck
./spectrumscale install <- The install will install GPFS on the new protocol nodes and add them to the existing ESS cluster

./spectrumscale deploy --precheck <- It's important to make sure CES shared root is mounted on all protocol nodes before continuing
./spectrumscale deploy <- The deploy will install / configure protocols on the new protocol nodes
```

Install Outcome:

EMS node used as an admin node by the Install Toolkit, to coordinate the installation

4 new nodes installed with GPFS and added to the existing ESS cluster

Performance sensors automatically installed on the 4 new nodes and pointed back to existing collector / GUI on the EMS node

ESS I/O nodes, NSDs/vdisks, left untouched by the Install Toolkit.

Deploy Outcome:

CES Protocol stack added to 4 nodes, now designated as Protocol nodes with server licenses

4 CES-IPs distributed among the protocol nodes

Protocol configuration and state data will use the cesSharedRoot file system, which was pre-created on the ESS

Object protocol will use the ObjectFS filesystem, which was pre-created on the ESS

Example of Upgrading protocol nodes / other nodes in the same cluster as an ESS

Pre-Upgrade planning:

- Refer to **IBM Documentation for supported upgrade paths of Spectrum Scale nodes**

- If you have a 5148-22L protocol node attached to an ESS, please refer to the **ESS 5.3.7 (or higher) Quick Deployment Guide**

- Consider whether OS, FW, or drivers on the protocol node(s) should be upgraded and plan this either before or after the install toolkit upgrade

- SMB: requires quiescing all I/O for the duration of the upgrade. Due to the SMB clustering functionality, differing SMB levels cannot co-exist within a cluster at the same time. This requires a full outage of SMB during the upgrade.

- NFS: Recommended to quiesce all I/O for the duration of the upgrade. NFS experiences I/O pauses, and depending upon the client, mounts may disconnect during the upgrade.

- Object: Recommended to quiesce all I/O for the duration of the upgrade. Object service will be down or interrupted at multiple times during the upgrade process. Clients may experience errors or they might be unable to connect during this time. They should retry as appropriate.

- Performance Monitoring: Collector(s) may experience small durations in which no performance data is logged, as the nodes upgrade.

Install Toolkit commands for Scale 5.0.0.0 or higher

```
./spectrumscale setup -s 10.11.10.11 -st ess <- internal gpfs network IP on the current Installer node that can see all protocol nodes

./spectrumscale config populate -N ems1 <- Always point config populate to the EMS node when an ESS is in the same cluster
** If config populate is incompatible with your configuration, add the nodes and CES configuration to the install toolkit manually **

./spectrumscale node list <- This is the list of nodes the Install Toolkit will upgrade. Remove any non-CES nodes you would rather do manually
./spectrumscale upgrade precheck
./spectrumscale upgrade run
```

Example of a new Spectrum Scale cluster installation followed by a protocol deployment

Install Toolkit commands for Installation:

```
- Toolkit is running from cluster-node1 with an internal cluster network IP of 10.11.10.11, which all nodes can reach
cd /usr/lpp/mmfs/5.1.1.x/ansible-toolkit
./spectrumscale setup -s 10.11.10.11
./spectrumscale node add cluster-node1 -a -g
./spectrumscale node add cluster-node2 -a -g
./spectrumscale node add cluster-node3
./spectrumscale node add cluster-node4
./spectrumscale node add cluster-node5 -n
./spectrumscale node add cluster-node6 -n
./spectrumscale nsd add -p node5.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -s node6.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -u dataAndMetadata -fs cesSharedRoot -fg 1 "/dev/sdb"
./spectrumscale nsd add -p node6.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -s node5.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -u dataAndMetadata -fs cesSharedRoot -fg 2 "/dev/sdc"
./spectrumscale nsd add -p node5.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -s node6.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -u dataAndMetadata -fs ObjectFS -fg 1 "/dev/sdd"
./spectrumscale nsd add -p node5.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -s node6.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -u dataAndMetadata -fs ObjectFS -fg 1 "/dev/sde"
./spectrumscale nsd add -p node6.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -s node5.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -u dataAndMetadata -fs ObjectFS -fg 2 "/dev/sdf"
./spectrumscale nsd add -p node6.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -s node5.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -u dataAndMetadata -fs ObjectFS -fg 2 "/dev/sdg"
./spectrumscale nsd add -p node5.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -s node6.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -u dataAndMetadata -fs fs1 -fg 1 "/dev/sdh"
./spectrumscale nsd add -p node5.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -s node6.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -u dataAndMetadata -fs fs1 -fg 1 "/dev/sdi"
./spectrumscale nsd add -p node5.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -s node6.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -u dataAndMetadata -fs fs1 -fg 2 "/dev/sdj"
./spectrumscale nsd add -p node5.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -s node6.tuc.stglabs.ibm.com -u dataAndMetadata -fs fs1 -fg 2 "/dev/sdk"
./spectrumscale config perfmon -r on
./spectrumscale callhome enable <- If you prefer not to enable callhome, change the enable to a disable
./spectrumscale callhome config -n COMPANY_NAME -i COMPANY_ID -cn MY_COUNTRY_CODE -e MY_EMAIL_ADDRESS
./spectrumscale config gpfs -c mycluster
./spectrumscale node list
./spectrumscale install --precheck
./spectrumscale install
```

Install Outcome: A 6 node Spectrum Scale cluster with active NSDs

2 GUI nodes

2 NSD nodes

2 client nodes

10 NSDs

configured performance monitoring

callhome configured

3 file systems created, each with 2 failure groups.

Install Toolkit commands for Protocol Deployment (assumes cluster created from above configuration.)

```
- Toolkit is running from the same node that performed the install above, cluster-node1
./spectrumscale node add cluster-node3 -p
./spectrumscale node add cluster-node4 -p
./spectrumscale config protocols -e 172.31.1.10,172.31.1.11,172.31.1.12,172.31.1.13,172.31.1.14
./spectrumscale config protocols -f cesSharedRoot -m /ibm/cesSharedRoot
./spectrumscale enable nfs
./spectrumscale enable smb
./spectrumscale enable object
./spectrumscale config object -e mycluster-ces
./spectrumscale config object -o Object_Fileset
./spectrumscale config object -f ObjectFS -m /ibm/ObjectFS
./spectrumscale config object -au admin -ap -dp
./spectrumscale node list
./spectrumscale deploy --precheck
./spectrumscale deploy
```

Deploy Outcome:

2 Protocol nodes

Active SMB and NFS file protocols

Active Object protocol

cesSharedRoot file system used for protocol configuration and state data

ObjectFS file system configured with an Object_Fileset created within

Next Steps:

- Configure Authentication with mmuserauth

Example of adding protocols to an existing cluster

Pre-req Configuration

Decide on a file system to use for cesSharedRoot (>=4GB). Preferably, a standalone file system solely for this purpose.

Take note of the file system name and mount point. Verify the file system is mounted on all protocol nodes.

Decide which nodes will be the Protocol nodes

Set aside CES-IPs that are unused in the current cluster and network. Do not attempt to assign the CES-IPs to any adapters.

Verify each Protocol node has a pre-established network route and IP not only on the GPFS cluster network, but on the same network the CES-IPs will belong to. When Protocols are deployed, the CES-IPs will be aliased to the active network device matching their subnet. The CES-IPs must be free to move among nodes during failover cases.

Decide which protocols to enable. The protocol deployment will install all protocols but will enable only the ones you choose.

Add the new to-be protocol nodes to the existing cluster using mmaddnode (or use the Install Toolkit).

In this example, we will add the protocol functionality to nodes already within the cluster.

Install Toolkit commands (Toolkit is running on a node that will become a protocol node)

```
./spectrumscale setup -s 10.11.10.15 <- internal gpfs network IP on the current Installer node that can see all protocol nodes
./spectrumscale config populate -n cluster-node5 <- pick a node in the cluster for the toolkit to use for automatic configuration
./spectrumscale node add cluster-node5 -a -p
./spectrumscale node add cluster-node6 -p
./spectrumscale node add cluster-node7 -p
./spectrumscale node add cluster-node8 -p
./spectrumscale config protocols -e 172.31.1.10,172.31.1.11,172.31.1.12,172.31.1.13,172.31.1.14
./spectrumscale config protocols -f cesSharedRoot -m /ibm/cesSharedRoot
./spectrumscale enable nfs
./spectrumscale enable smb
./spectrumscale enable object
./spectrumscale config object -e mycluster-ces
./spectrumscale config object -o Object_Fileset
./spectrumscale config object -f ObjectFS -m /ibm/ObjectFS
./spectrumscale config object -au admin -ap -dp
./spectrumscale callhome enable <- If you prefer not to enable callhome, change the enable to a disable
./spectrumscale callhome config -n COMPANY_NAME -i COMPANY_ID -cn MY_COUNTRY_CODE -e MY_EMAIL_ADDRESS
./spectrumscale node list
./spectrumscale deploy --precheck
./spectrumscale deploy
```

Deploy Outcome:

CES Protocol stack added to 4 nodes, now designated as Protocol nodes with server licenses

4 CES-IPs distributed among the protocol nodes

Protocol configuration and state data will use the cesSharedRoot file system

Object protocol will use the ObjectFS filesystem

Callhome will be configured

Example of Upgrading protocol nodes / other nodes (not in an ESS)

Pre-Upgrade planning:

- Refer to **IBM Documentation for supported upgrade paths of Spectrum Scale nodes**

- Consider whether OS, FW, or drivers on the protocol node(s) should be upgraded and plan this either before or after the install toolkit upgrade

- SMB: requires quiescing all I/O for the duration of the upgrade. Due to the SMB clustering functionality, differing SMB levels cannot co-exist within a cluster at the same time. This requires a full outage of SMB during the upgrade.

- NFS: Recommended to quiesce all I/O for the duration of the upgrade. NFS experiences I/O pauses, and depending upon the client, mounts may disconnect during the upgrade.

- Object: Recommended to quiesce all I/O for the duration of the upgrade. Object service will be down or interrupted at multiple times during the upgrade process. Clients may experience errors or they might be unable to connect during this time. They should retry as appropriate.

- Performance Monitoring: Collector(s) may experience small durations in which no performance data is logged, as the nodes upgrade.

Install Toolkit commands:

```
./spectrumscale setup -s 10.11.10.11 -st ss <- internal gpfs network IP on the current Installer node that can see all protocol nodes

./spectrumscale config populate -N <hostname_of_any_node_in_cluster>
** If config populate is incompatible with your configuration, add the nodes and CES configuration to the install toolkit manually **
./spectrumscale upgrade config workload -p on <- Enable prompt to shut down workloads before upgrade

./spectrumscale node list <- This is the list of nodes the Install Toolkit will upgrade. Remove any non-CES nodes you would rather do manually
./spectrumscale upgrade precheck
./spectrumscale upgrade run
```